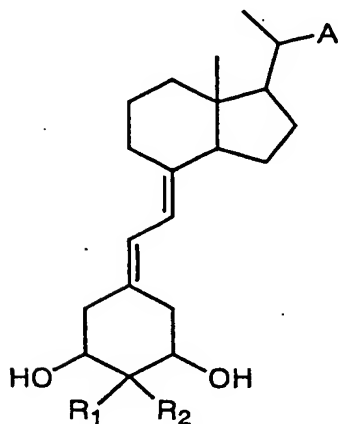


CLAIMS

1. A compound represented by the general formula (I):



Formula (I)

(wherein,

R1 and R2 may be the same or different each other and they represent a halogen atom or a hydroxyl group or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-10 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-10 carbon atoms, or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-15 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-15 carbon atoms, or R1 may form together with R2 an unsubstituted spiro-cyclic alkyl group having 3-6 carbon atoms, or a substituted spiro-cyclic alkyl group having 3-6 carbon atoms, or an unsubstituted spiro-hetero-cyclic containing an oxygen atom as a hetero atom having 3-6 carbon atoms, or a substituted spiro-hetero-cyclic containing an oxygen atom as a hetero atom having 3-6 carbon atoms;

A represents a hydrogen or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-12 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-12 carbon atoms, or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-12 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-12 carbon atoms, or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-14 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-14 carbon atoms.)

2. The compound according to claim 1 which is represented by the general formula (I), wherein R1 and R2 may be the same or different each other and they represent a halogen atom or a hydroxyl group or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group

having 1-8 carbon atoms, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-8 carbon atoms having at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-4 carbon atoms, and aryl group, amino group and azido group, or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-8 carbon atoms, or a straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-8 carbon atoms having at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-4 carbon atoms, and aryl group, amino group and azido group; or R1 forms together with R2 an unsubstituted spiro-cyclopropyl group or a spiro-cyclopropyl group substituted by at least one unsubstituted straight or branched hydroxyalkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms, or an unsubstituted spiro-oxirane, or a spiro-oxirane group substituted by an unsubstituted straight or branched hydroxyalkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms;

A represents a hydrogen, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-12 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-12 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group, or a straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-14 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group.

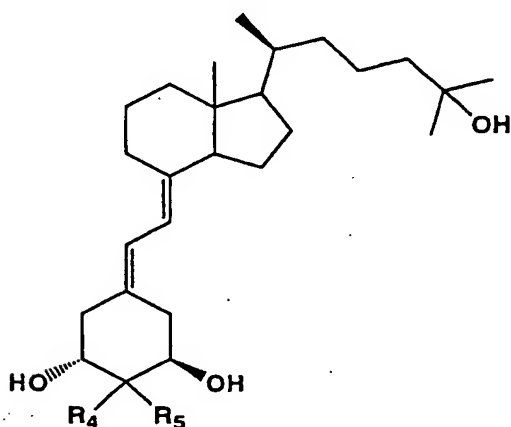
3. The compound according to claim 1 which is represented by the general formula (I), wherein R1 and R2 may be the same or different each other and they represent a halogen atom or a hydroxyl group or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms having at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-3 carbon atoms, phenyl group, amino group and azido group, or an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 2-4 carbon atoms; or R1 may form together with R2 an unsubstituted spiro-cyclopropyl group or spiro-cyclopropyl group substituted by at least one unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain hydroxyalkyl group having 1-3 carbon atoms, or unsubstituted spiro-oxirane;

A represents a hydrogen, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 3-10 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group, or a straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 3-8 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxyl group, or a straight chain or branched chain alkenyl group having 4-12 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group.

4. The compound according to claim 1 which is represented by the general formula (I), wherein R1 and R2 may be the same or different each other and they represent a hydroxyl group, or an unsubstituted straight or branched chain alkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms, or a straight or branched chain alkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms having at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of a fluorine atom and an unsubstituted straight chain or branched chain alkyloxy group having 1-3 atoms; or R1 may form together with R2 an unsubstituted spiro-oxirane;

A represents a hydrogen or a straight or branched chain alkyl group having 5-7 carbon atoms substituted by at least one hydroxy group.

5. A compound represented by the general formula (IV);



Formula (IV)

(wherein,

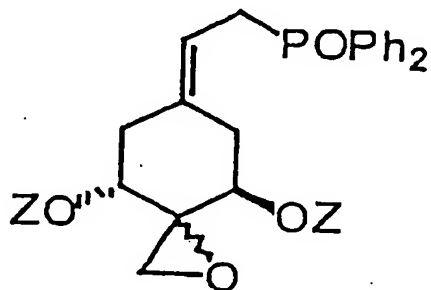
one of R4 and R5 represents a hydrogen atom and the other represents a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms substituted by a hydroxy group or -OR6 (wherein, R6 represents a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms substituted by a hydroxy group), or R4 may form =CR7 together with R5 (wherein, R7 represents a straight chain or branched chain alkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms substituted by a hydroxy group.)

6. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of any one of the claims 1-5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or a diluent.
7. A method of treating or preventing disease accompanying with abnormal cell differentiation comprising a step of administrating the therapeutically effective amount of the compound of any one of the claims 1-5 to an object requiring treatment or prevention of the

disease.

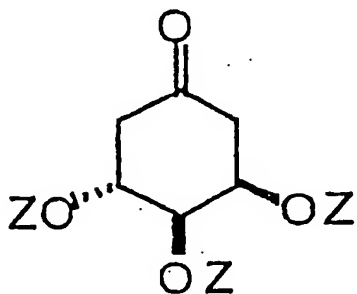
8. A use of the compound of any one of the claims 1-5 for preparation of pharmaceutical composition for disease accompanying with abnormal cell differentiation.

9. A method of preparing the compound of any one of the claims 1-4 comprising a step of obtaining a compound represented by the general formula (III);



Formula (III)

(wherein, Z may be the same or different each other and it represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group; Ph is a phenyl group), from a compound represented by the general formula (II);



Formula (II)

(wherein, Z may be the same or different each other and it represents a hydrogen atom or a protective group.)